AUBREY BUXTON

Despite being close to the M11 and Stansted Airport, Essex Wildlife Trust's Aubrey Buxton reserve and the surrounding farmland encompasses a wide variety of habitats from meadows rich in wildflowers such as Cowslip and Wild Strawberry to rolling landscapes with pleasant views and hedgerows laden with Hops and Traveller's Joy. Sunken leafy lanes provide a shady environment of dappled sunlight which the Speckled Wood Butterfly inhabits.







Distance and time taken

2 miles (3 km) - allow 1-2 hours.

Going

Good, slightly hilly. Ground may be soft after rain. Wear strong shoes, boots or Wellington boots.

Transport

For details of public transport for this walk contact the Travel Line on 0870 608 2608.

Habitat types

Ancient woodland, unimproved flower rich meadows, hedgerows.

Ordnance Survey Map

Explorer 195.

Parking

Aubrey Buxton reserve car park situated off Alsa Street.

Refreshments

There are seven pubs in nearby Stansted Mountfitchet and plenty of shops.

Dogs

If you take your dog with you, please keep it under control, preferably on a lead.

More about Aubrey Buxton Nature Reserve

Although the walk route doesn't pass directly through the reserve, you could take time at the start or end of your walk to explore this wild area. Why not eat your picnic in one of the sunny clearings? Originally the pleasure park to Norman House, this reserve is high woodland interspersed with grassland on a sandy/gravel soil. It has three man-made ponds, probably about 200 years old, and three further ponds dug in the 1950s when it was a wildlife park. It was donated to the Essex Wildlife Trust by Lord and the late Lady Buxton in 1976.

Cowslip, Wild Strawberry and Common Spotted Orchid grow in the meadows, along with the uncommon Lesser Lady's Mantle and Adderstongue Fern. Hop Sedge, which is very localised in this part of Essex, grows around the ponds.

The many bird species include Nuthatch, Owls, Woodpeckers and a number of summer visitors. Twenty-two species of butterfly have been recorded and in good years numbers can be impressive.

Many mature trees were lost in the storms of 1987 and 1990. This left Poplar trees very prone to storm damage and in 1991 many of these were felled. They are gradually being replaced with native trees, and notably a dozen Black Poplar native only to Britain. This species formerly played an important part in country life, being planted to give shade to cattle and to provide firewood and charcoal for the home.



Coppiced Hazel

together to make hurdles, in twisted and are woven up from a central 'stool'). trees (all branches coming Along some of the footpaths you will see coppiced Hazel Hazel are thin and easily The coppiced branches of





Mountfitchet Stansted

added from the Norman place' in Saxon and preremnants of the baron's suffix Mountfitchet was although it wasn't until Stansted means 'stony castle remain but the baron who settled in the invasion that the early Norman castle. invasion of England, reconstruction of an the area. Very few dates the Norman area boasts a

Lord Aubrey Buxton

organisations for 50 years and his chairmanship of ITN he became after him. Trust reserve has also been named involvement with conservation was based in London. Due to his programme of the Survival series interest in local wildlife and the first from the Galapagos Islands to programme which took the viewer went on to become the 'Survival' Lord Buxton. Tibet. However, Aubrey retained an The Essex Wildlife

Wild Hops

known ingredient of beer, but the Masses of rough and shaggy Hop hedgerows which run alongside clothing and the young shoots the footpaths. Hops are a well favourite dish of the Italians is fibres are also used to make can be cooked and eaten, leaves can be seen in the 'Hops and Tagliatelli'!